Problem Set 3: Unit Analysis and Problem Solving

- 1) Match the correct conversion factor to each statement.
 - a. $3.50 \text{ mols Fe}(OH)_3 \times ---- = 10.5 \text{ mols H}$
 - b. $67400 \text{ mL} \times ----= 67.4 \text{ L}$
 - c. 2.80 mols Bi(NO₃)₃ × = 25.2 mols 0
 - d. $6.745 \text{ m} \times ----- = 6745 \text{ mm}$
 - e. $1 \text{Au} + 3 \text{HCl} + 1 \text{HNO}_3 \rightarrow 1 \text{AuCl}_3 + 1 \text{NO} + 2 \text{H}_2\text{O}$ $1.2 \text{ mols HCl} \times -----= 0.8 \text{ mols H}_2\text{O}$
 - f. 27.050 days × ——— × ——— = 38952 minutes
 - g. 2 Bi(NO₃)₃ + 3 H₂S \rightarrow 1 Bi₂S₃ + 6 HNO₃ 0.50 mols H₂S \times ----- = 0.17 mols Bi₂S₃
 - h. $0.0504 L \times ---- = 50.4 mL$
 - i. $3972 \text{ g} \times ----= 3.972 \text{ kg}$
- Calculate the volume of sulfuric acid in mL if the acid has a mass of 65.14 g and a density of 1.84 g/mL.
- 3) a) What volume of water is necessary to make a 1.0x10⁻³ M sodium hypochlorite (NaOCI) solution from 0.353 moles of NaOCI?

b) What would be the new concentration if 125 mL of the NaOCI solution was diluted to 500 mL in a volumetric flask?

- 4) Gemstones are weighed in carats (ct), with 1 carat = 200 mg (exactly). What is the mass in grams of the Hope Diamond, the world's largest blue diamond at 44.4 carats?
- 5) a) Hydrochloric acid is sold commercially as a 12.0 M aqueous solution. How many moles of HCl are in 300.0 mL of a 12.0 M solution?

b) What volume of the 12.0 M HCl solution is required to make a HCl solution with a concentration of 3.0 M?